Application Development

for mobile and ubiquitous devices -2nd presentation-



Scenario

- Motivation:
 - Connectedness between people through technology nowadays supports the idea of an Application that focuses on spontaneousness
- Concept of an ,auction of events'
 - Presenting ideas in a local scope for others to take part in

Context feature set

- Location awareness:
 - Showing content based on the users position (GPS)
- Energy monitoring:
 - Keeping track of general battery data
- Connectivity:
 - Monitor bandwidth
 - But: Energy-Saving mode has influence on the amount of datatraffic as well

Context feature mapping

Location:

- Use of Google's location API: com.google.android.gms.location
- Latitude, longitude

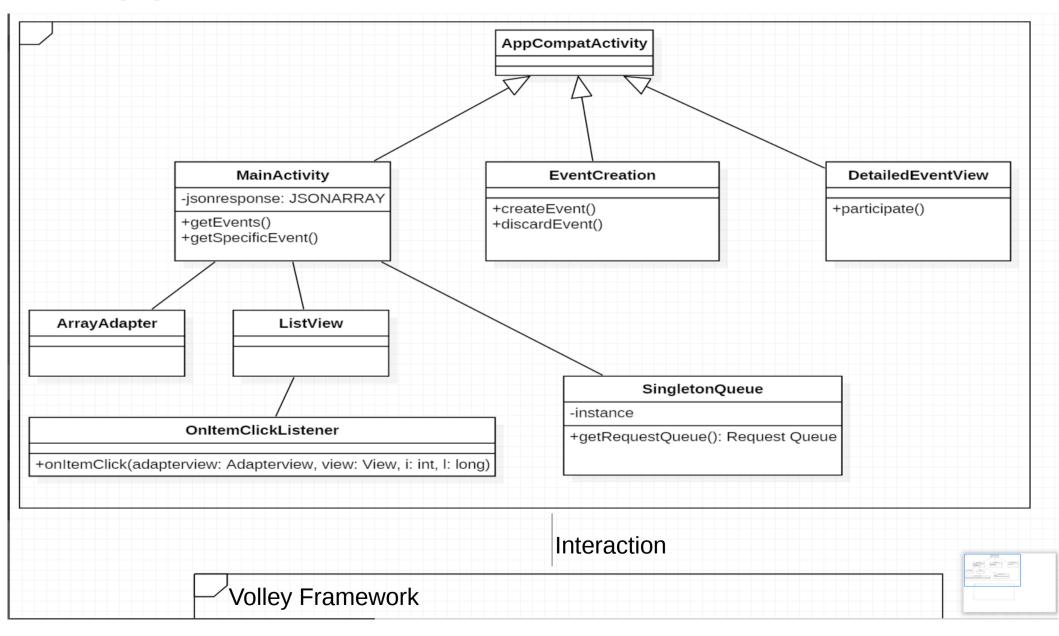
Energy:

- Use of the sticky Intent: Intent.ACTION_BATTERY_CHANGED
- Accessing all necessary parameters from there (e.g. EXTRA_LEVEL, EXTRA_SCALE)
- Threshold value to activate the Energy-saving mode (e.g. 15%)

Connectivity:

 Use of Android's ConnectivityManager to get the Networktype

App-Overview



Context adaptation mechanisms

Location:

 Providing a slider that determines a radius, in which events will be shown

```
public void getEvents(final double lo, final double la, final int r){
String url = "http://eventoday.de/evenToday/getEvents";
StringRequest postRequest = new StringRequest(Request.Method.POST, url,
         new Response.Listener<String>() {
             @Override
             public void onResponse(String response) {
                 trv {
                     JSONArray | jsonResponse = new JSONArray(response);
                 } catch (JSONException e) {
                     e.printStackTrace();
         new Response.ErrorListener() {
             @Override
             public void onErrorResponse(VolleyError error) {
                 error.printStackTrace();
     @Override
     protected Map<String, String> getParams()
         Map<String, String> params = new HashMap<>();
         // the POST parameters:
         params.put("radius", String.valueOf(r));
         params.put("longitude", String.valueOf(lo));
         params.put("latitude", String.valueOf(la));
         return params:
 SingeltonQueue.getInstance(this).addToRequestQueue(postRequest);
```

Context adaptation mechanisms

- Energy & Connectivity:
 - Energy-saving mode alters the event update process:
 - Only events that the user takes part in get updated automatically
 - Possibility to update the rest manually

```
public void getSpecificEvent(final String id){
 String url = "http://eventoday.de/evenToday/getSpecificEvent";
 StringRequest postRequest = new StringRequest(Request.Method.POST, url,
         new Response.Listener<String>() {
             @Override
             public void onResponse(String response) {
                     JSONObject jsonResponse = new JSONObject(response);
                     } catch (JSONException e) {
                     e.printStackTrace();
         new Response.ErrorListener() {
             public void onErrorResponse(VolleyError error) {
                 error.printStackTrace();
     @Override
     protected Map<String, String> getParams()
         Map<String, String> params = new HashMap<>();
         // the POST parameters:
         params.put("id", id);
         return params;
 SingeltonQueue.getInstance(this).addToRequestQueue(postRequest);
```

Work Plan

